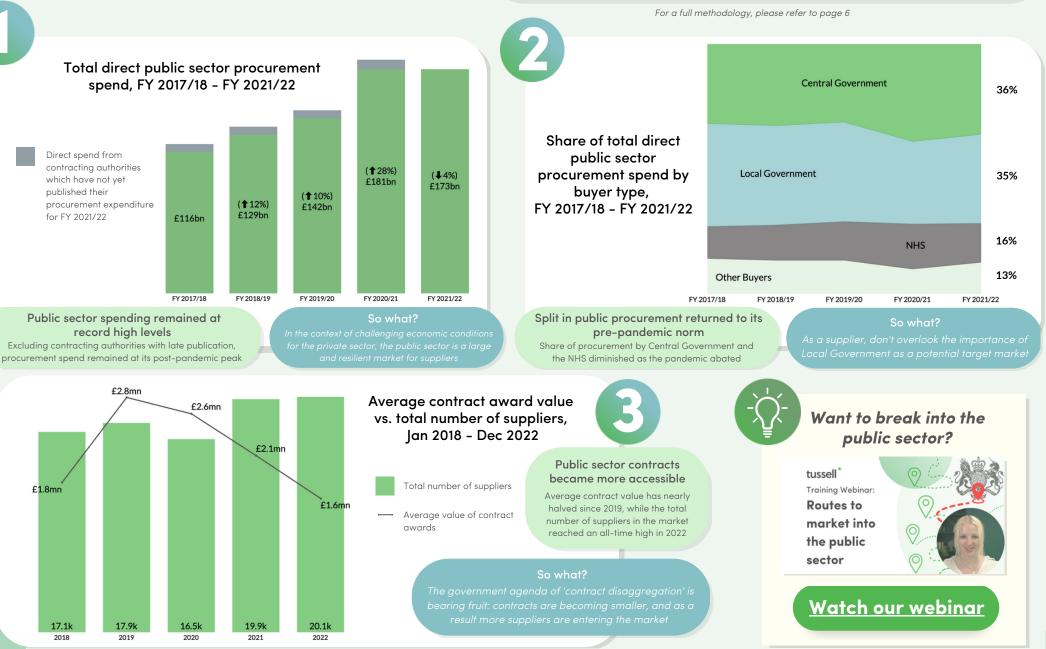
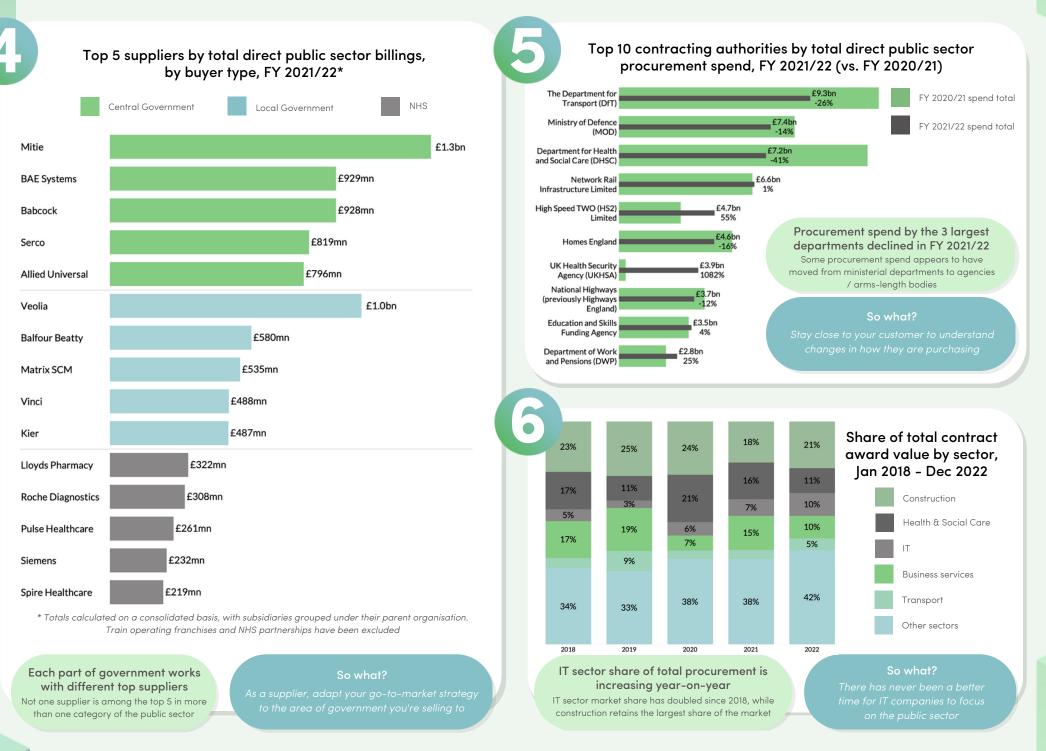
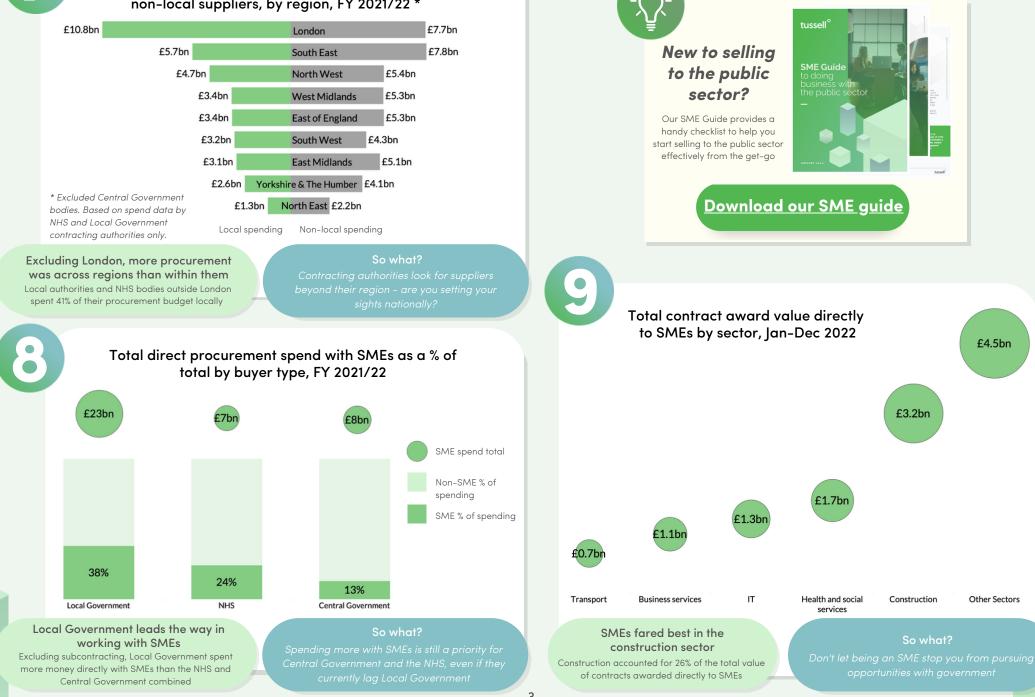
### tussell\* 2022 Year in Review

2022 was a politically and economically turbulent year, in the UK and beyond. Despite - or because of - these pressures, public procurement was resilient. In England, the government continued purchasing at record levels, and market opportunities for suppliers remained plentiful. <u>Here are the key trends in public procurement in 2022, in 12 charts.</u>

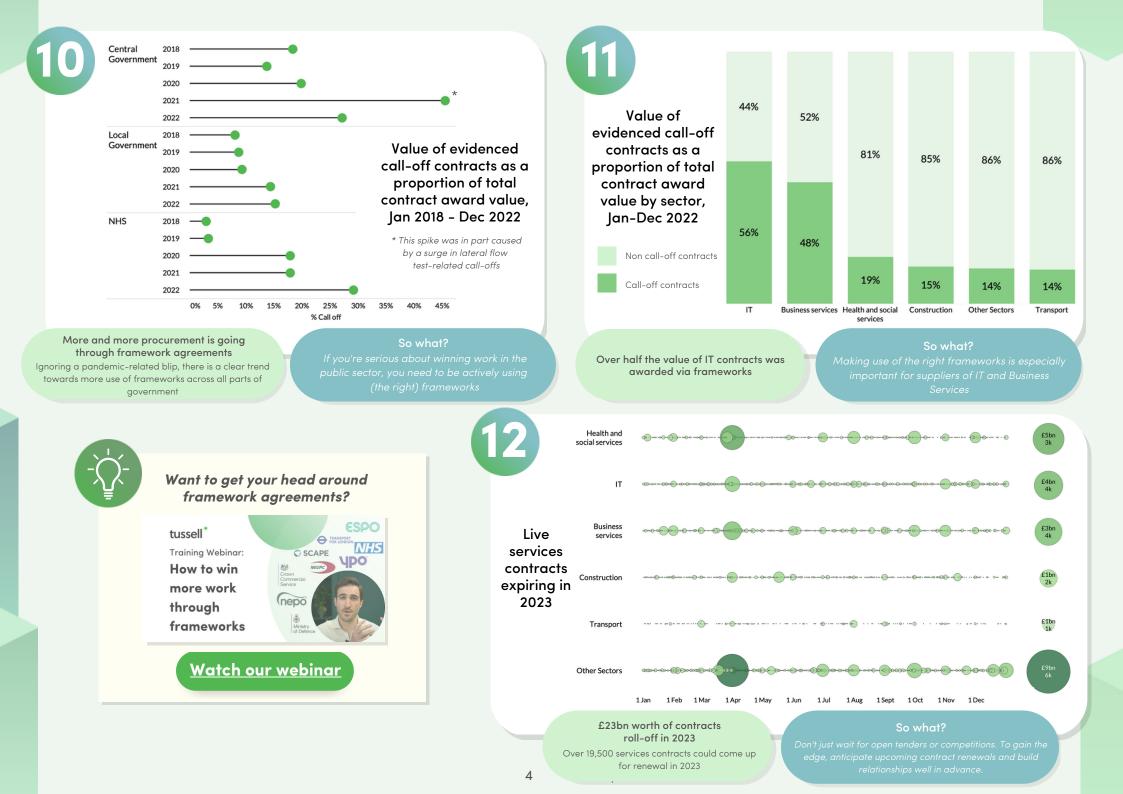




#### Total direct procurement spend with local and non-local suppliers, by region, FY 2021/22 \*



3



#### How to maximise your success as a supplier in 2023

The public sector remains a vast and very resilient market against a backdrop of slow economic growth. In 2023, contracting authorities will face growing pressure to deliver vital public services with ever more stretched budgets – so the need for businesses to respond with innovative, cost-effective solutions has never been greater.

To unlock more value from the public sector in 2023, we recommend that you:

1. <u>Harness market intelligence</u> to understand your market landscape: who is buying the products or services you're selling, how well are your competitors doing, in which sweet spot should you be focusing resources, and which upcoming opportunities can you pre-empt?

2. More and more purchasing is going through frameworks, but in a crowded market which are the right ones for you to get on? Use <u>framework intelligence</u> to reveal which frameworks your customers are really using, and what profile of contracts are being awarded through them.

3. Start building relationships with <u>key-decision makers</u> within the contracting authorities you want to break into so that you're in pole position when the tender lands. The more you've rolled the pitch, the better position you will be in for success.

#### How to maximise value as a buyer in 2023

In a climate of high inflation and austerity, you're under relentless pressure to do more with less.

Contracting authorities purchase at scale, so your procurement budget is a feasible area to make savings by leveraging your purchasing power. Instead of relying on the status quo, in 2023 we recommend that you:

- 1. <u>Go into commercial negotiations as well prepared as your suppliers are</u>. For example, benchmark how much you spend with them, and identify alternative suppliers that are providing similar services elsewhere. Some simple research could reveal that you have a lot more leverage over your suppliers than you realised.
- 2. <u>Spot opportunities for joint procurement</u>, or at least more collaboration. Do similar authorities rely on the same critical suppliers? Does anyone else have a similar contract rolling off at the same time? Who should you speak to to get a second opinion on a new supplier that you're considering bringing on board?

3. <u>Promote more social value in your procurement</u>. Don't become over-reliant on a handful of large suppliers - find SMEs, VCSEs and local businesses to work with and build a more resilient, sustainable and innovative supply chain.



## tussell milestones in 2022

We welcomed over 75 new clients, including

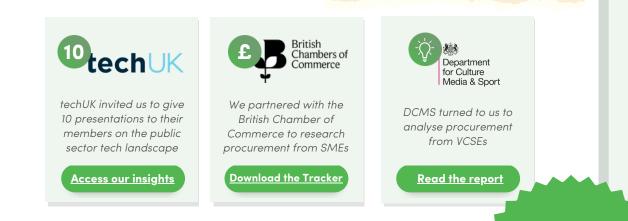
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indeed Oveolia efficio

Tussell's data was cited

260+ times in the local, international and mainstream in 2022.





We doubled in size!

Our insights help you sell to government. Don't miss them in 2023: <u>sign-up to our</u> <u>newsletter</u>

#### Methodology

This report is based on open procurement and expenditure data for contracting authorities based in England from official sources aggregated, organised and augmented by Tussell. We have excluded the other UK nations as they are subject to different legal requirements around transparency that make like-for-like regional comparisons challenging.

Contract award data is primarily from Contracts Finder and Find a Tender Service, as well as from more than 90 other local, regional or sector-specific public sector procurement portals. There is a little latency in the publication of this information so data for 2022 is based on a calendar period from Jan-Dec 2022.

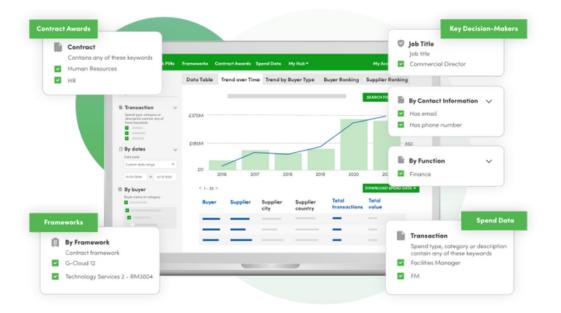
Spend data refers to supplier invoices of £500 or more published by many contracting authorities for transparency purposes. Disclosure of this expenditure is a legal requirement for all Central Government departments in the UK (including most of their executive agencies and arm's length bodies), and for Local Government and NHS bodies in England (but not in the other UK nations). In total, Tussell collects spend data from over 1,000 live and historical sources.

Due to a variable lag in the publication of this data, we have analysed spending over fiscal year periods, not calendar years. Data for FY 2021/22 refers to the period from April 2021 to March 2022. Data for FY 2021/22 is understated due to the exclusion of 65 contracting authorities that have not yet met their legal obligation to publish their procurement expenditure in that period.

For this report, sector analysis is based on the CPV taxonomy used by contracting authorities in the UK to describe their procurement categories. SMEs are defined using the standard European Commission definition. Local spending is defined as spending by a contracting authority with a supplier based within the same NUTS region, e.g. South West, North East, etc.

If you have any questions or comments about this report, please email our Research team at contact@tussell.com

# All the data in this report came from Tussell's online market intelligence platform



Leading suppliers and influential buyers are already harnessing Tussell's insights

